

1- Automata Processing

Used widely in different areas



Von Neumann architectures **are not efficient** at FSM processing

- ✗ Irregular memory accesses
- ✗ Limited Parallelism

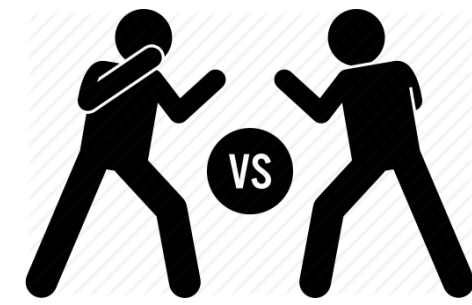
Solution: Use Automata Processor (AP)



- ✓ Enables in-memory processing
- ✓ Exploits state parallelism of NFAs

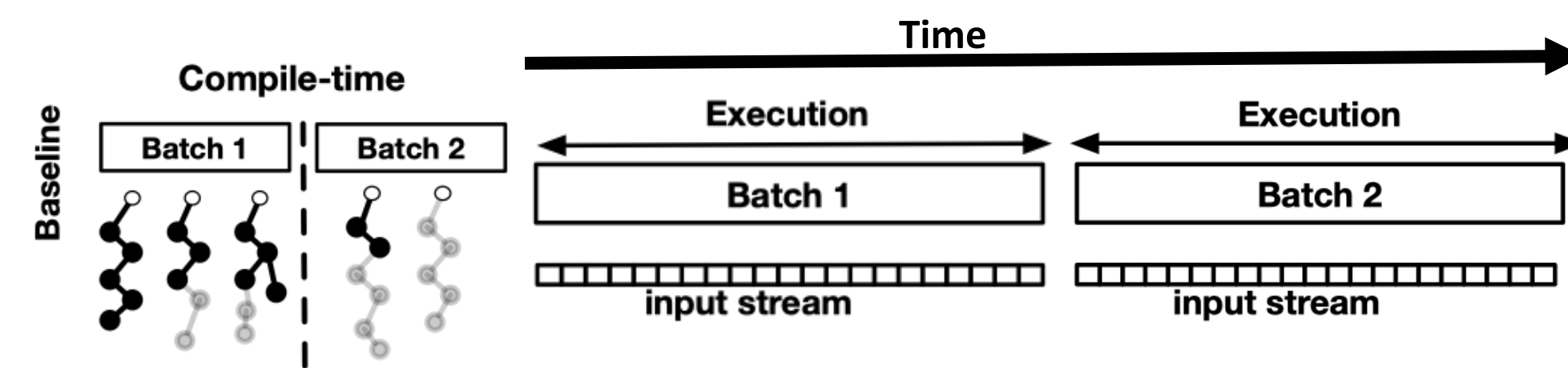
2- Challenges & Opportunities

Applications are getting **Bigger**



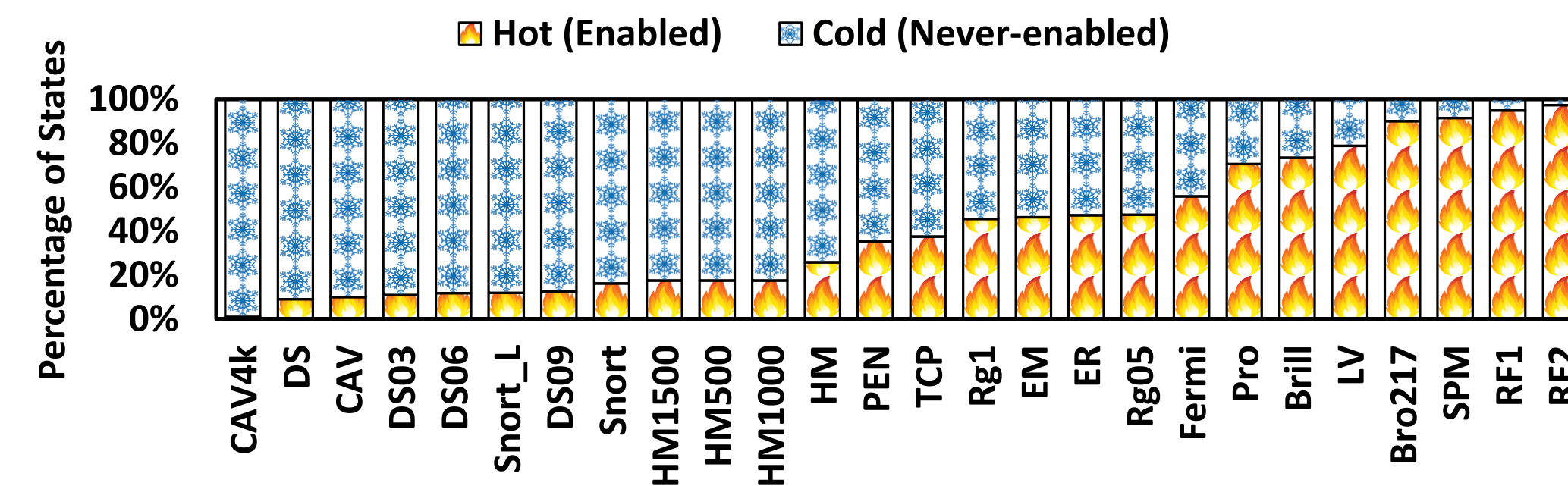
AP capacity is **Limited**

Challenge: Repeated Executions!



Opportunity: Underutilization of AP

Pattern mismatch → Many unused states are configured to AP

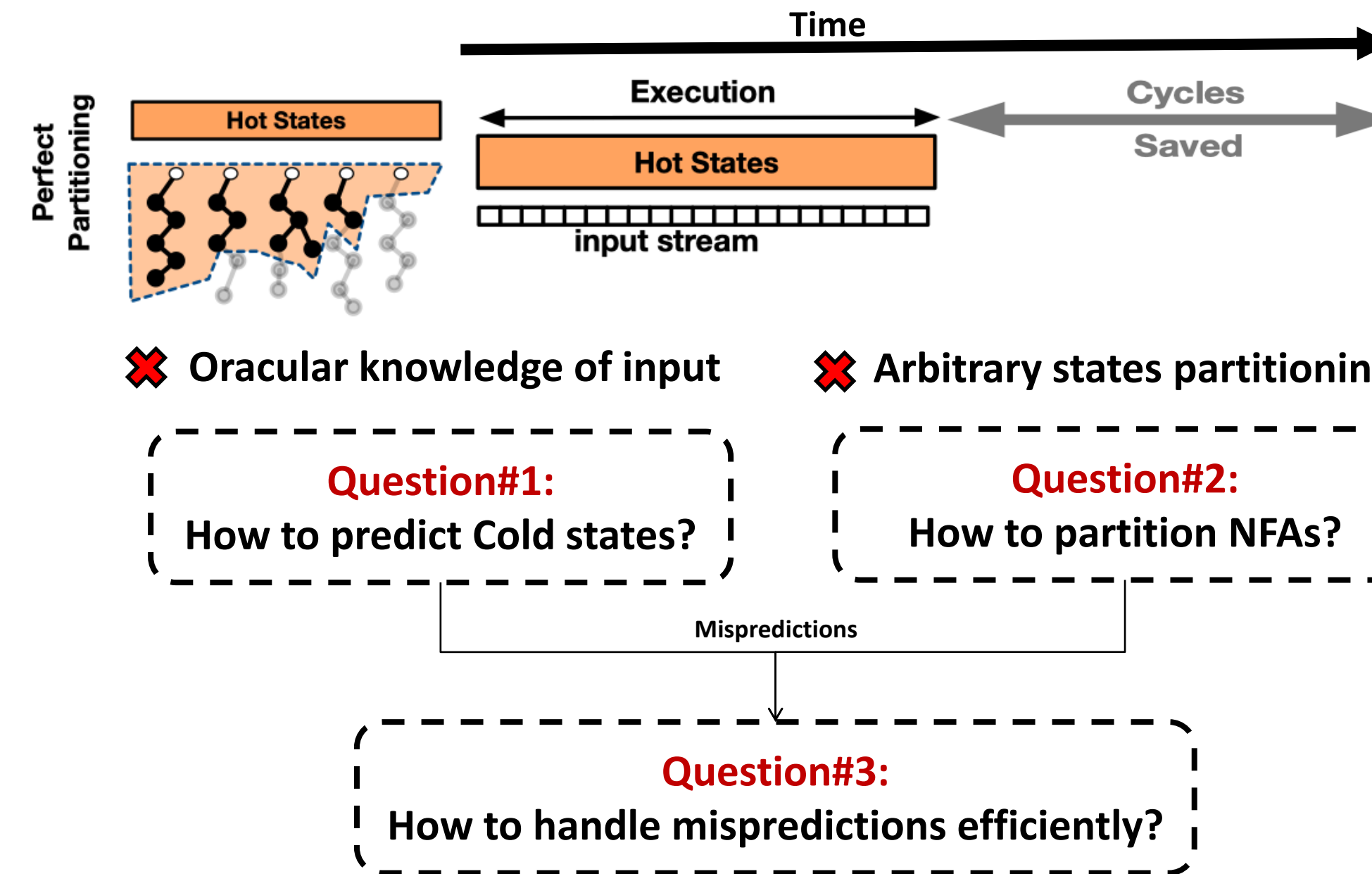


Potential Solution

Remove Cold states from the NFAs
Configure **ONLY** the Hot states to AP

Decrease Batches

3- Potential Benefits & Research Questions

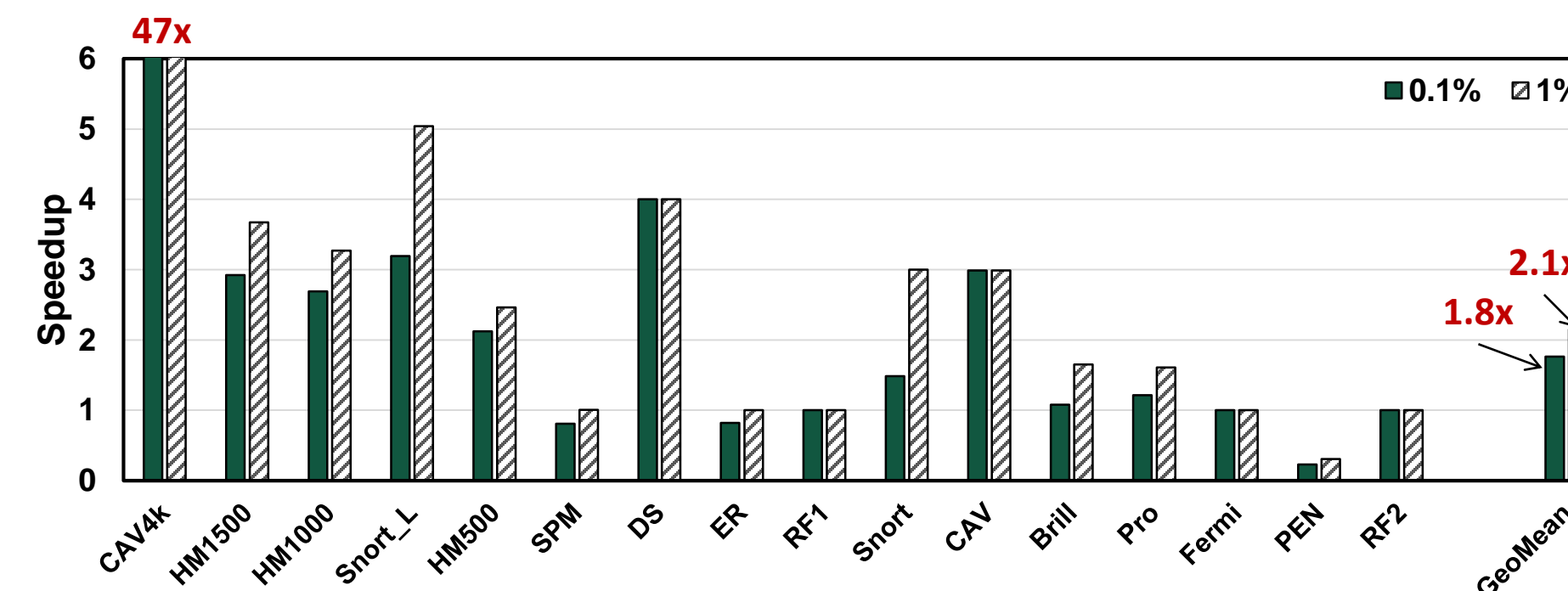
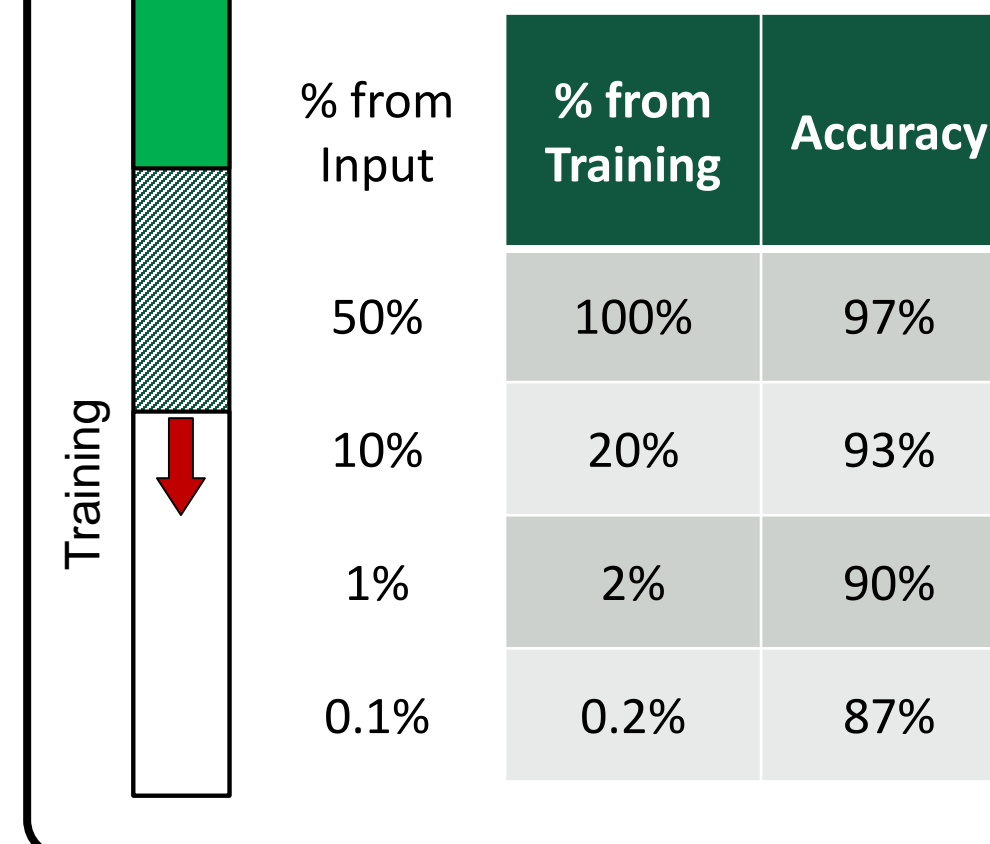


4- Efficient Automata Processing on AP

Q1: How to predict Cold states?

✗ Oracular knowledge of input

Solution: Use a small profiling input to predict the Hot/Cold states

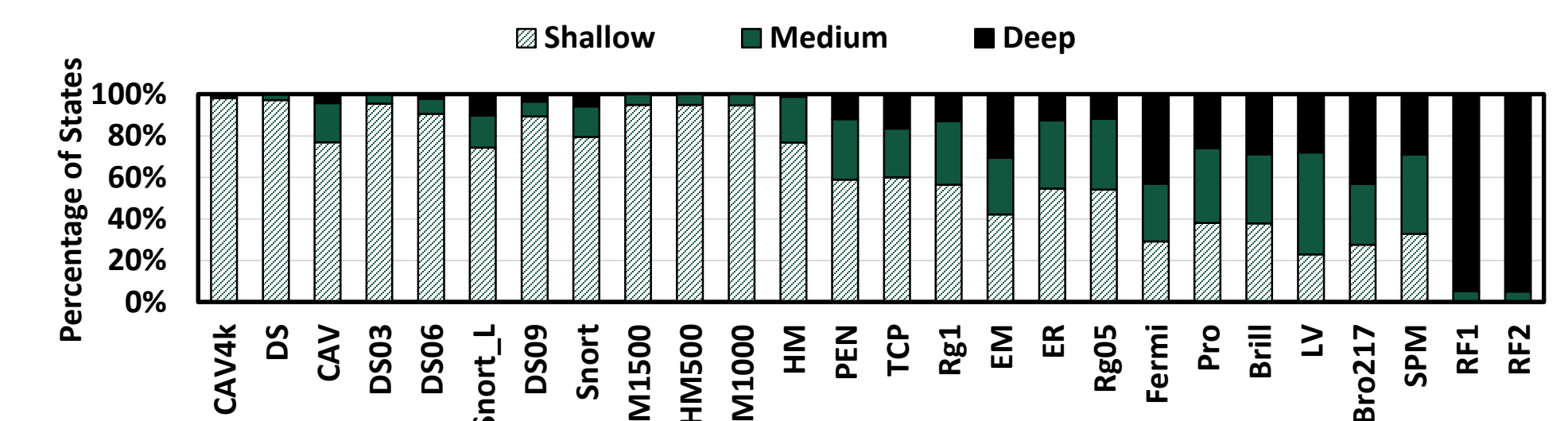


Q2: How to partition NFAs?

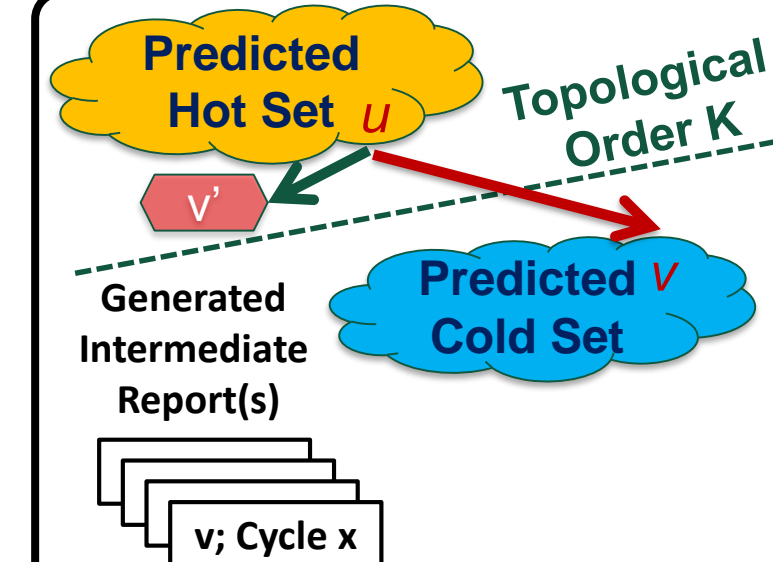
✗ Arbitrary states partitioning

Solution: Partition using Topological Order

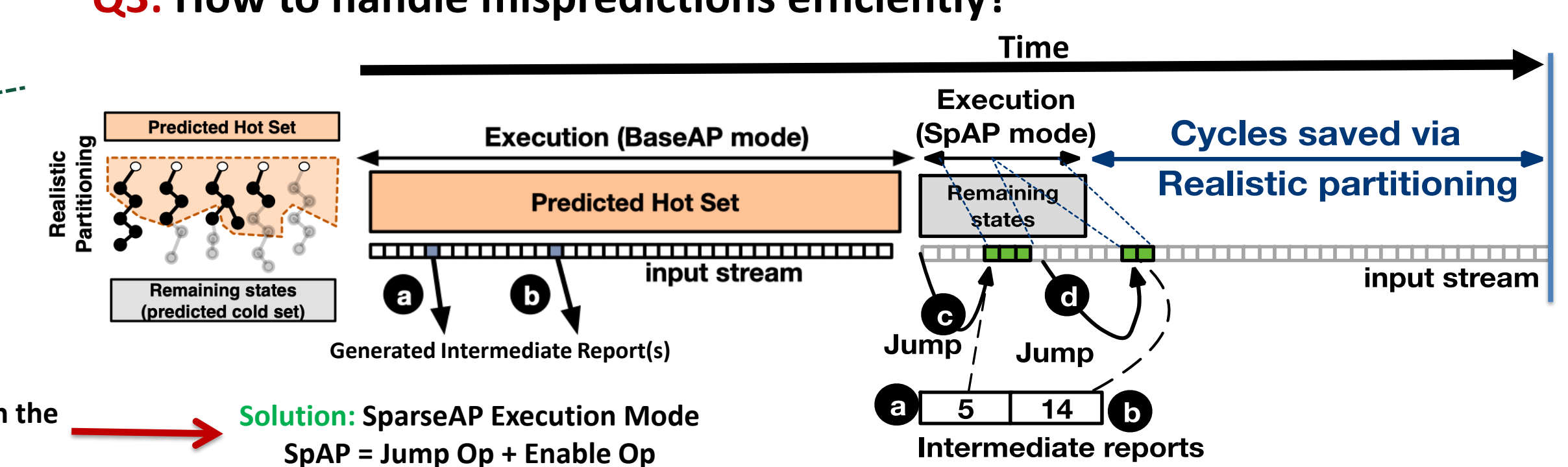
- ✓ Correlates with Cold and Hot states
- ✓ Makes transition unidirectional



Q3: How to handle mispredictions efficiently?



Problem: Input stream execution on the predicted Cold set is too expensive



Solution: SparseAP Execution Mode
SpAP = Jump Op + Enable Op

